

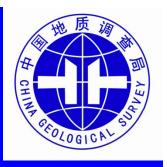
An overview of geology for CO₂ Storage in China

Zhang Eryong

China Geological Survey



- 1.Introduction
- 2.Geology of main basins in China
- 3. Suitable assessment of basins
- 4.Challenges



- Chinese government launched National Action
 Plan on Climate Change in June 2007.
- Chinese government also pledged "Carbon emission of per GDP will be reduced 40-45% in 2020 comparison to 2005" in 2009.

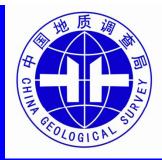
"Research on CO₂ Geological Storage in China(2009-2010)"project— Conducted by CGS

The project aims to methodology research for geological exploration, storage capacity evaluation, geophysical exploration, monitoring, safety and economy evaluation of CO₂ Geological Storage; establish Chinese site evaluation and rank standards; Provide experiences for CO₂ Geological Storage in China. To further enhance the capability of CO₂
Geological storage, CGS draw the program
"strategy for CO₂ Geological Storage

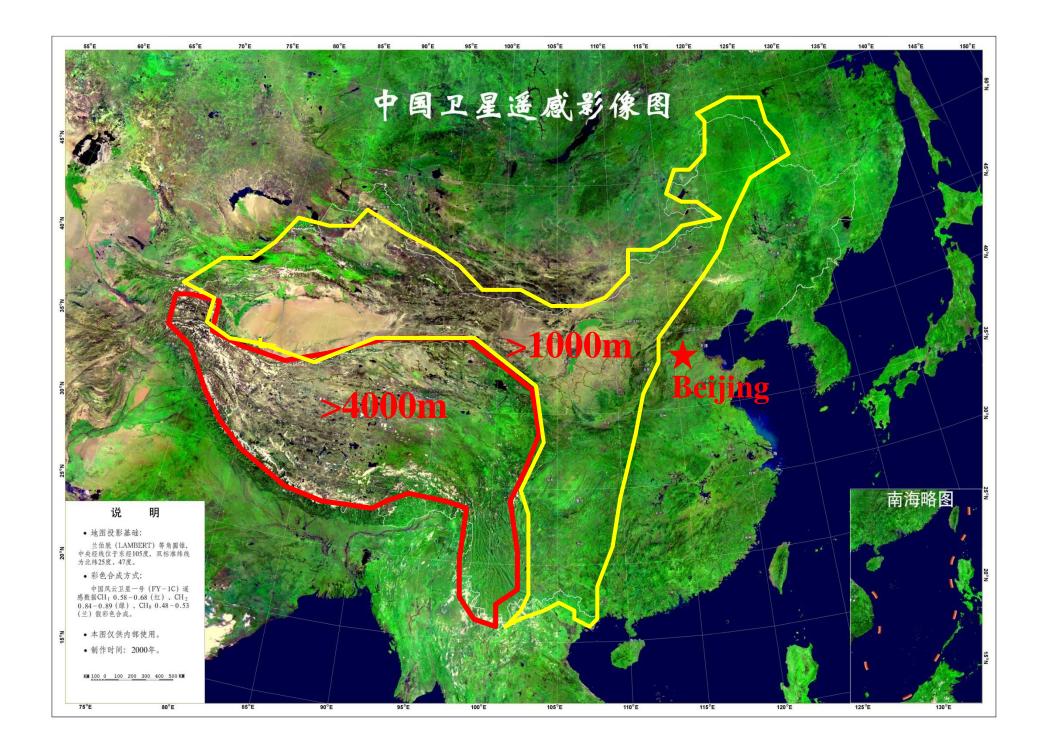
(2010-2020)"

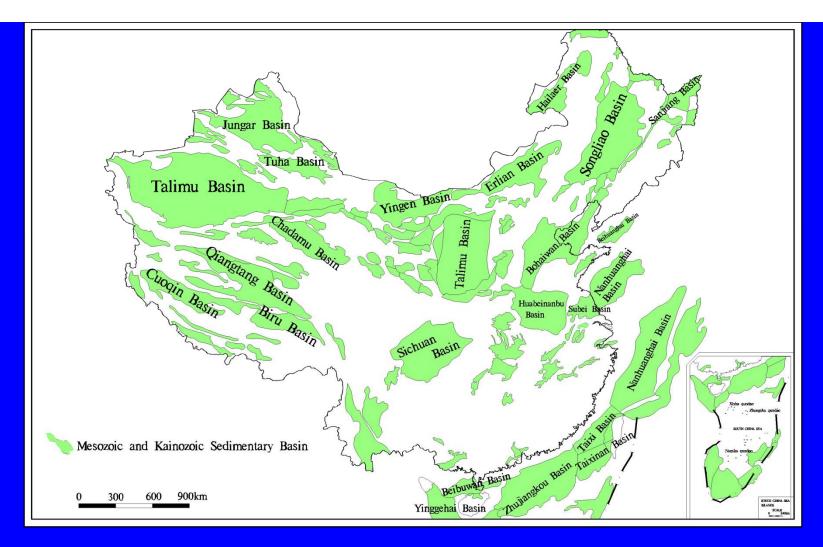
Strategy Objections:

- 1. Thoeretical capacity evaluation
- 2.Basins assessment
- 3.Sites assessment
- **4.Project Practice**

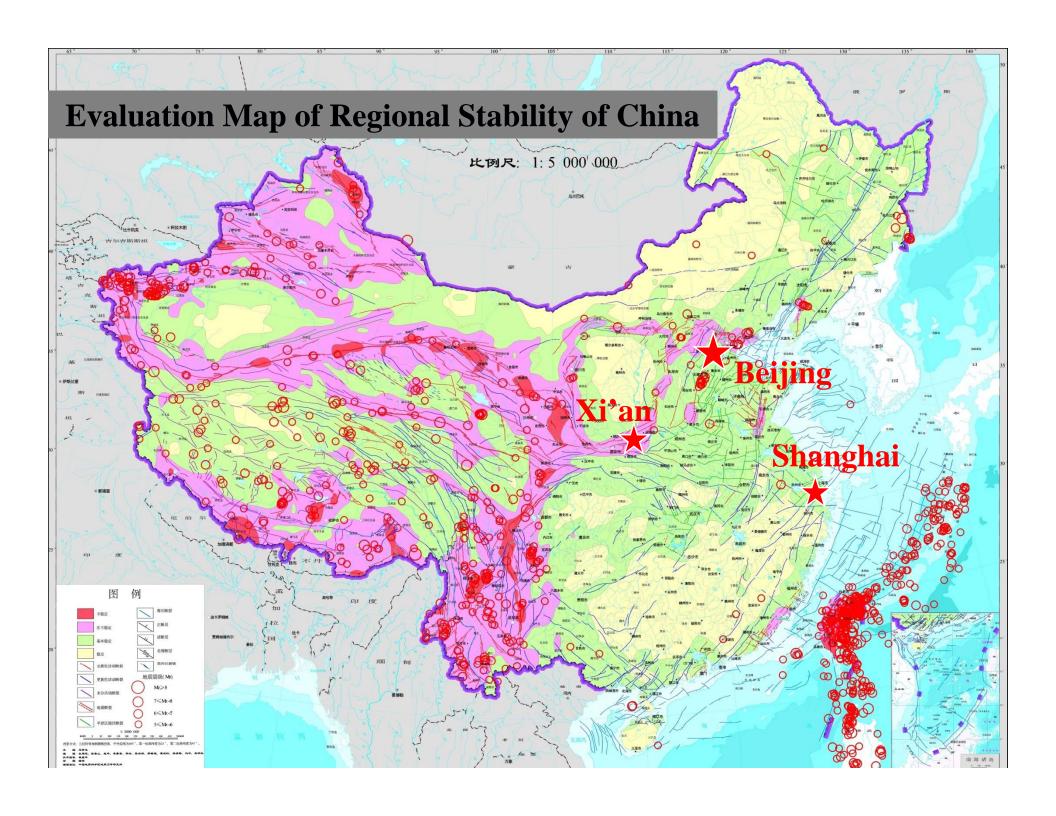


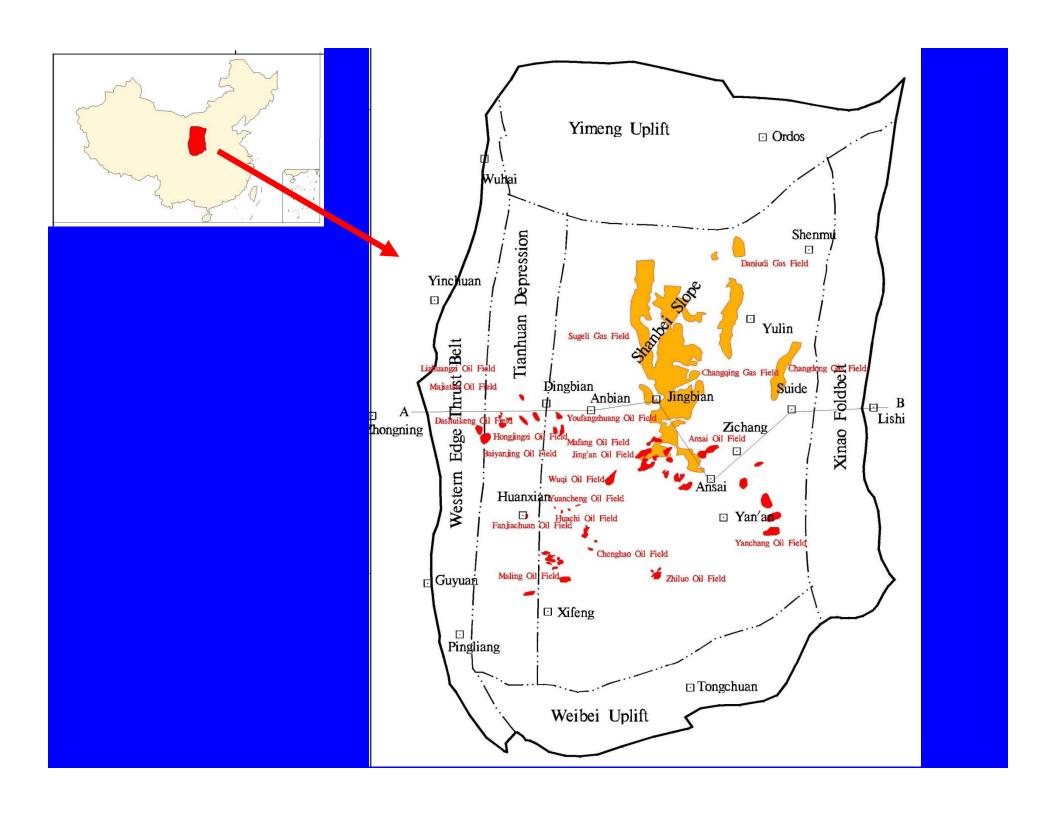
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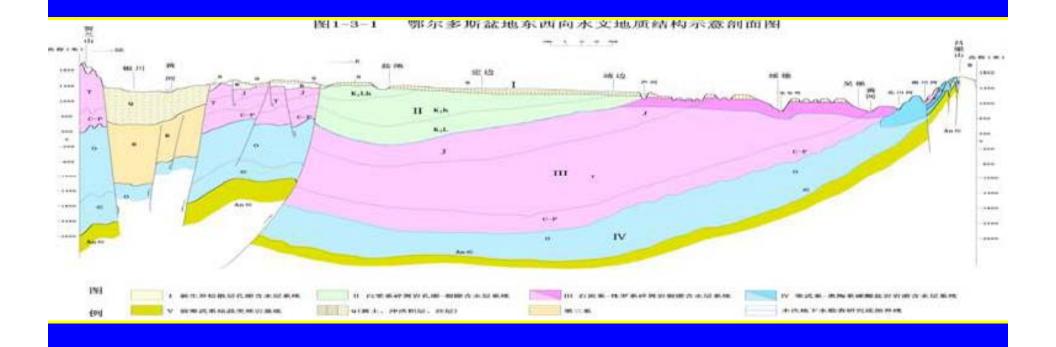


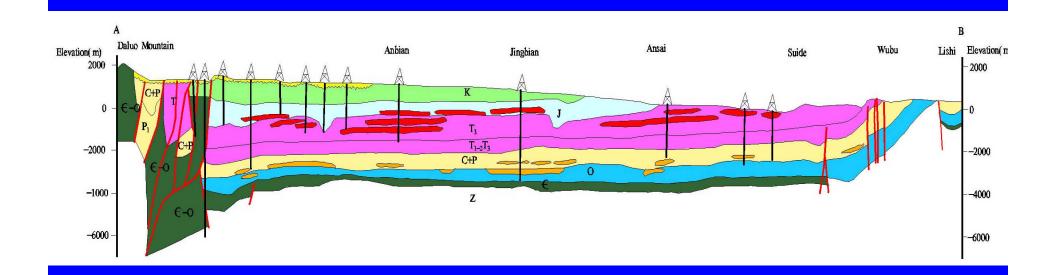


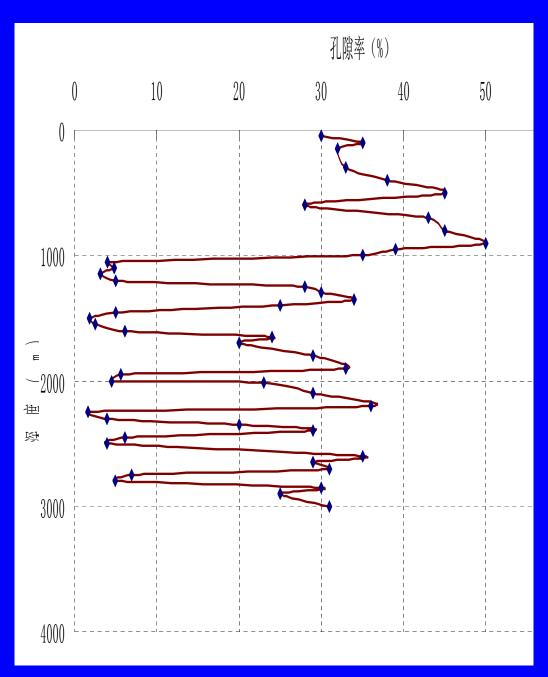
In China, There are totally more than 417 Basins with more than 200km²; the 417 basins cover more than 5.7million km², including 27 offshore basins; 50 basins are hopeful for CO₂ Storage.





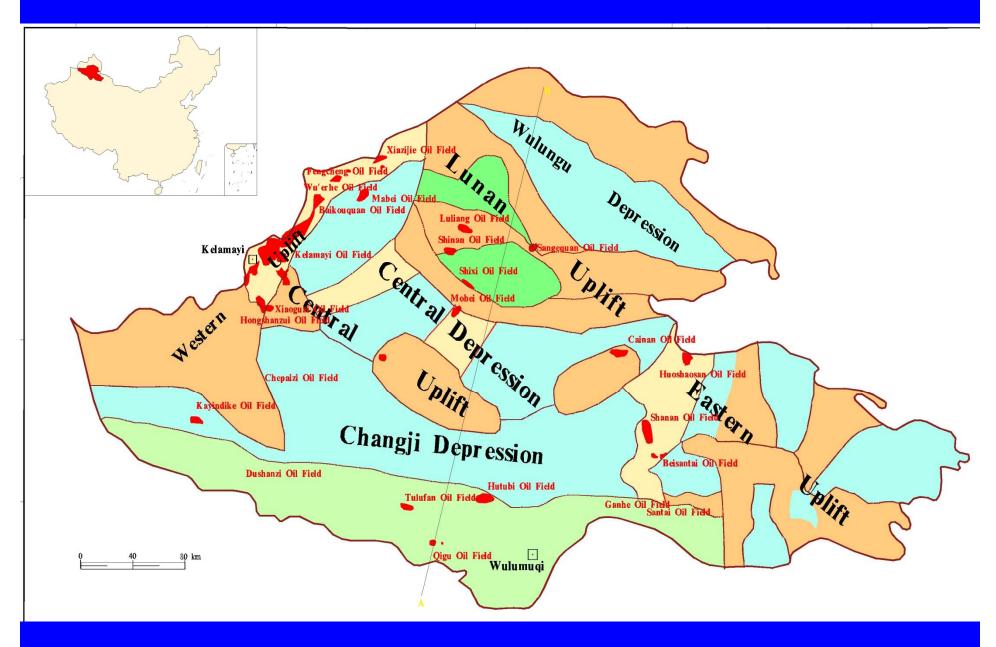






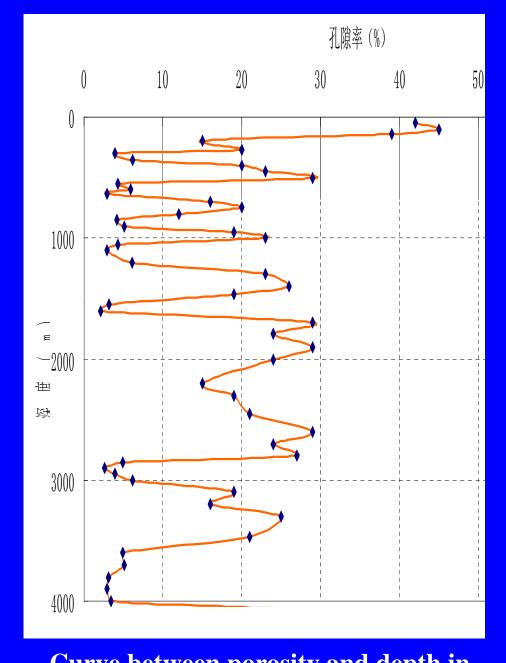
System	Group	Age (Ma)	Profile
Quat	ernary	1.61	
Terti	Tertiary		
Cretaceous Zhidan		135	
	Fenfanghe	130	0.0.0.0
ic.	Anding		
Jurassi	Zhiluo		
ſ	Yan'an		
	Fuxian	200	• • •
Trias	Yan'an	215	
	Zhifang		
	Heshanggou	241	· · · · ·
	Liujiagou		• • • •
	Shiqianfeng	250	
Permian	Shangshihezi		
Per	Xiashihezi	260	<u> </u>
	Shanxi	220	<u></u>
rbonic	Taiyuan— Beixi	290	<u>-</u>
лсіап Са	Jingyuan Pingliang— Fengfeng	300	
op	Majiagou		
Ō	Liangjiashan Yeli		• • •
Cambrian	Upper	310	
	Middle		
	Lower	326	-1-1-
Sinian	Luoquan	570 699	0.0

Curve between porosity and depth in Ordos Basin

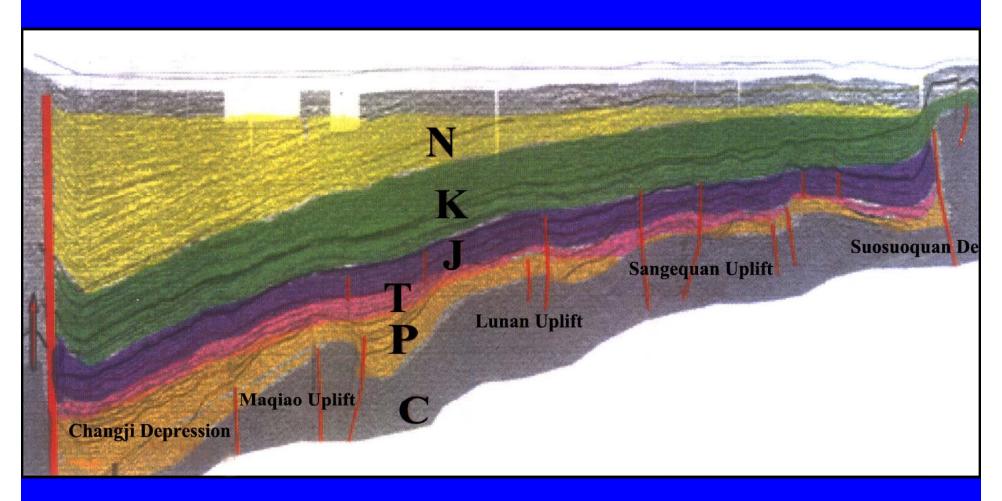


Location map of Zunggar Basin

地层	层底 深度	厚度	柱状图	岩性
N	136	136		泥岩
K	268.6	132.6		砂岩
	350	81.4		泥岩
	500	150	0 • 0 • 0 • 0 •	砂砾岩
	632.6	132.6		泥岩
	800	167.4	砂岩	
J	900	100		泥岩
	1000	100		砂岩
	1200	200		泥岩
	1465.6	265.6		砂岩
	1600	134.4		泥岩
	1785.6	185.6		砂岩
Т	2435.6	650	0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 +	砂砾岩
	2800	364.4		砂砾岩
	3000	200		泥岩
P	3473.6	473.6	. 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 e . 6 . 6 . 6 . 6 . 6 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	砂砾岩
	4000	526.4		泥岩
	4200	200		砂岩
				泥岩



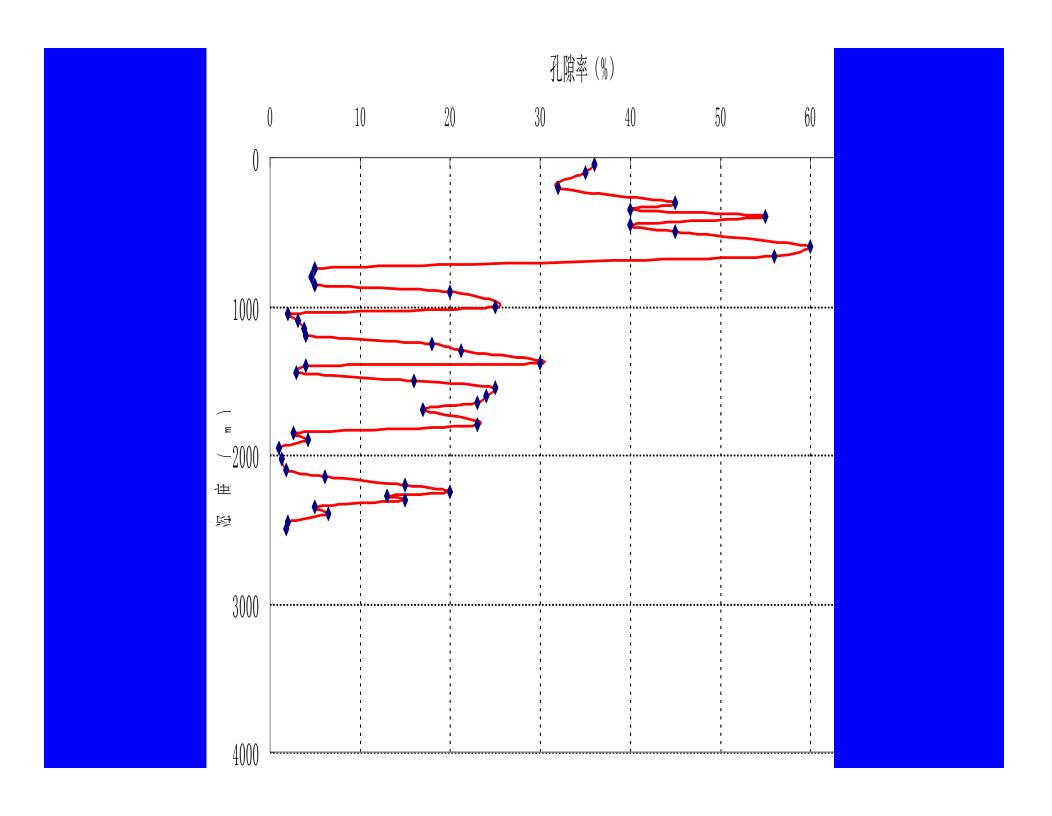
Curve between porosity and depth in Zunggar Basin

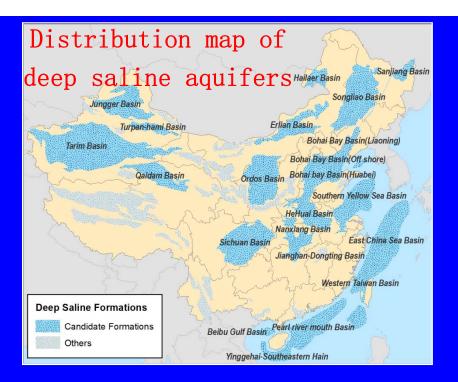


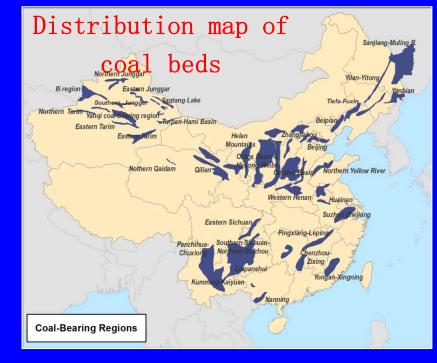
Seismic profiles from South to North



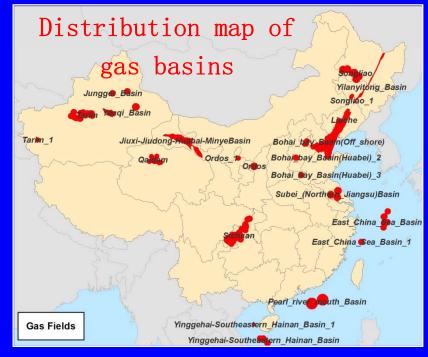
		层底深 度(m)	厚度 (m)	岩性柱状图	岩 性
				`	砂
	Q				粘土
	•	660.0	660.0		砂
					泥岩
4				0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	砾砂岩
					泥岩
	R			0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	砾砂岩
					泥岩
0					砂岩
		1795.5	1135.5	\(\lambda \) \(角砾岩
	0				灰岩
		2178.0	382.5		白云岩
	ϵ	2384.0	206.0		白云岩
		2500.0	116.0		白云质灰岩

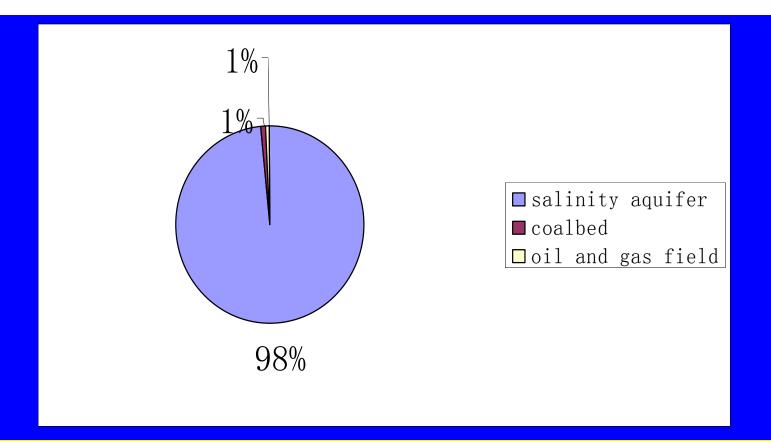






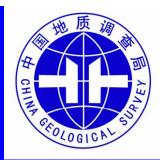






Totally ${\rm CO_2}$ storage capacity of three types in China: 1455 billion tons.

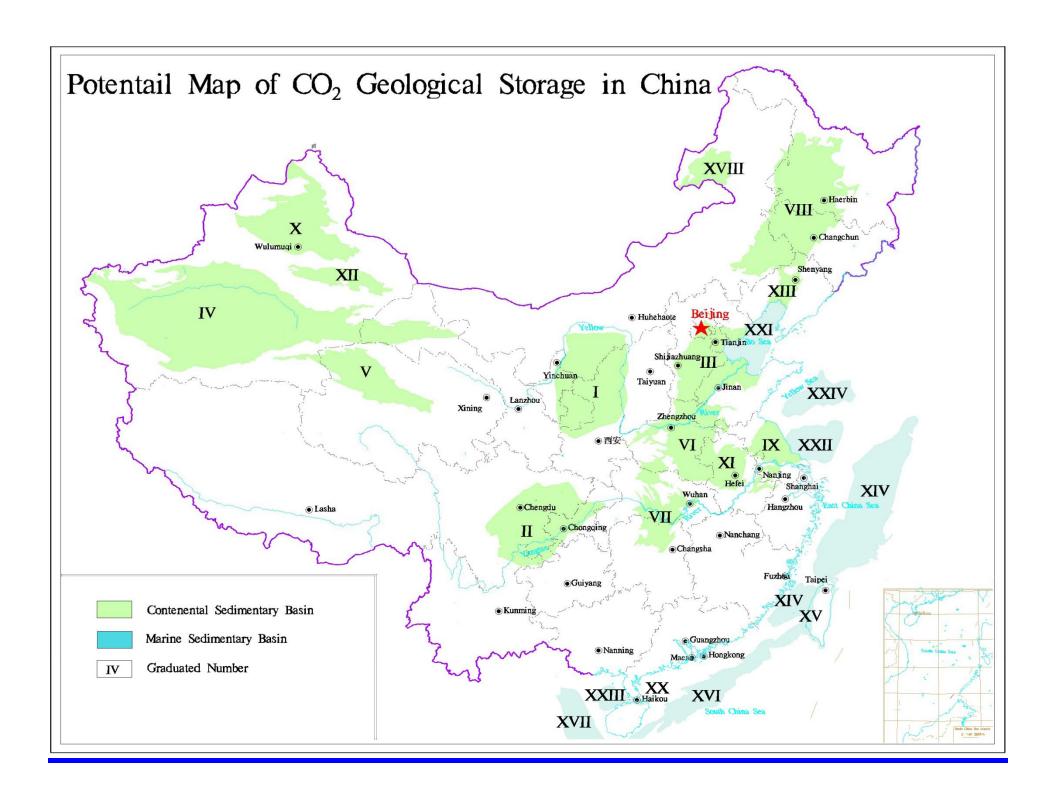
- Deep Saline Formations (24 Basins): 1435 billion tons.
- ▶ Coal Bearing region (68 coal areas): 12 billion tons.
- >Oil and gas fields (46 basins): 8 billion tons.

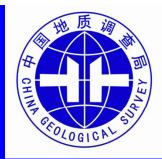


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The suitable basins for CO₂ geological storage

Basin	Area*(10 ⁴ km ²)	Maximum Thickness(m)	Stability**	Storage Capacity(Gt)
Tarim	59.19	>14000	r	2793.37
North China plain	18.58	>6000	r	810.26
Ordos	20.35	>4000	S	760.01
Songliao	27.11	>6000	S	449.71
Pearl River Mouth	8.30	>10000	r	2372.78
East China Sea	27.13	>10000	r	1849.59
Sichuan	18.49	>9000	r	649.96
Qaidam	10.23	>17000	r	1097.40
Zunggar	15.64	>16000	r	475.97





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- 1. Data Share and multi-department cooperation
- 2. Capacity building for CO₂ geological storage in China
- 3. Key techniques research
- 4. International cooperation



Thank you for your attention!