

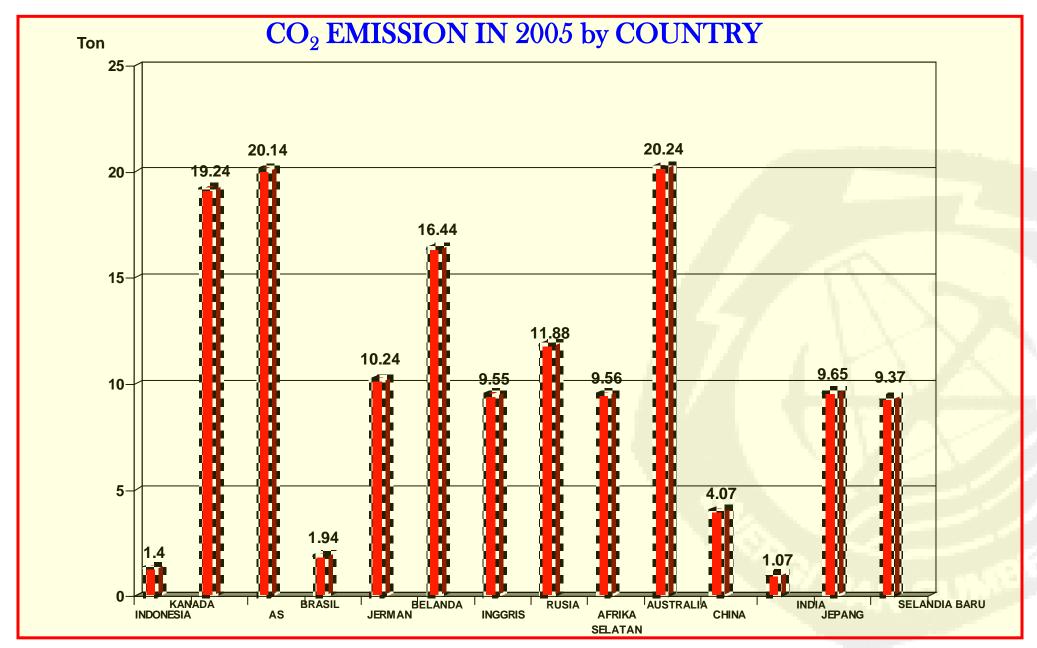
MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

WORKSHOP ON DEVELOPMENT OF NATURAL GAS RESOURCES WITH HIGH CO₂ & CARBON CAPTURE AND STORAGE (CCS) IN CCOP

Remarks by
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Patra Bali Resort & Villas, Denpasar-Bali, 17-20 March 2009





Source: Council on Science and the Environment (Kompas Newspaper 14-12-2007)

Why does Indonesia need CCS technology?

- Some natural gas fields are rich in CO₂. Thus, the CO₂ gas needs to be injected back to the earth, either to prevent CO₂ emission and to enhance recovery of gas production from reservoirs.
- CCS technology is needed to reduce CO₂ emitted from power plants and other industries. In future the country relies heavily on coal and natural gas.

FUTURE OUTLOOK OF DOMESTIC COAL DEMAND (Government Version)



*) Including Coal Liquefaction, UBC, gasification TOTAL



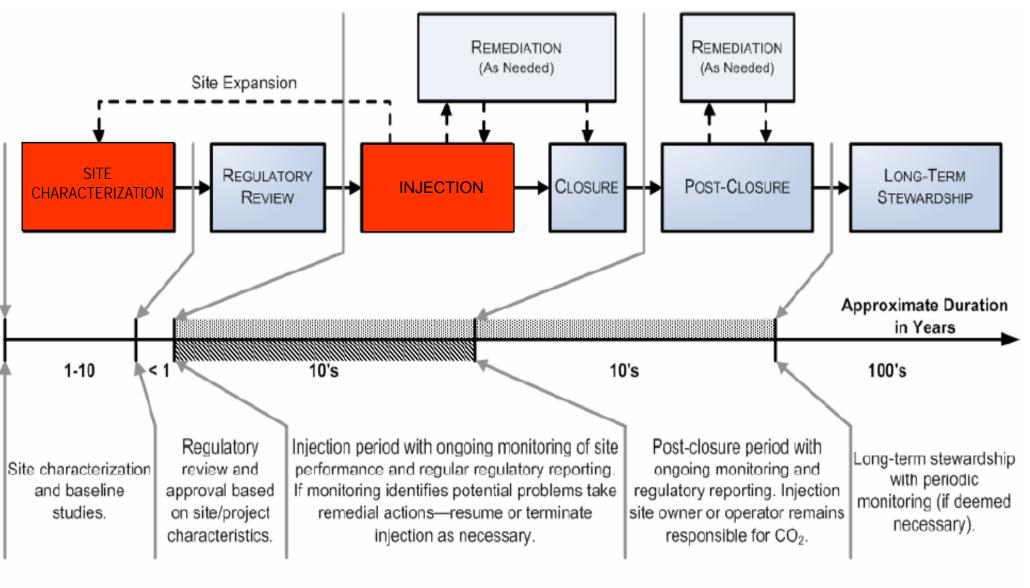
FUTURE OUTLOOK OF DOMESTIC COAL DEMAND (Based Energy Demand Growth)



Lain-lain: Textile, Pulp & Paper, Metalurgi



LIFE-CYCLE STAGES OF A GS PROJECT



Injecting firm pays fee on injected CO₂ to cover costs associated with long-term stewardship

Conditional paths



Injecting firm carries insurance to cover remediation, contingencies, and post-closure costs in event of default

(IRGC 2007)

Storage Requirement for GS:

- 1. Capacity and injectivity of GS, that has as CO₂ storage. The storage has to have adequate porosity and permeability.
- 2. Sealing cap rocks, which is a common system in oil and gas and geothermal system to keep CO₂ in the storage and avoid CO₂ escapes.
- 3. Stable geologic environment, therefore in seismic active areas careful characterization of the site is a *necessity*.

THAIR YOU



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